

# SESSION LAWS STATE OF ARIZONA

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## Thirty-Fourth Legislature FIRST REGULAR SESSION

Convened—January 8, 1979

Sine Die—April 21, 1979

1979

DEPARTMENT OF  
LIBRARY AND ARCHIVES  
ARIZONA

## MEMORIALS AND RESOLUTIONS

twenty-five years of television success and express the earnest hope that the show will continue for many additional years in providing wholesome, lighthearted comedic entertainment to the children of Arizona.

Unanimously Adopted by the House, April 12, 1979.

Received by the Secretary of State April 2, 1979.

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### ROBERT E. WILSON

#### HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 2009

##### **A Resolution on the death of the Honorable Robert E. Wilson.**

The Honorable Robert Eugene Wilson passed away at the age of fifty-five on July 24, 1978, in El Paso, Texas, where he had lived the last few years of his life.

Robert Wilson was a member of the Arizona House of Representatives from 1951 through 1958 from Maricopa County. He was a Democratic party precinct committeeman. Mr. Wilson had numerous legislative committee assignments including Public Defense and Veterans Affairs, Administration, Banking, Insurance and Corporations, and Highways and Bridges.

Mr. Wilson was born in Milwaukee, Wisconsin on June 22, 1923. He became an Arizona resident in 1930 and had lived in this state until recently. Mr. Wilson was a social club manager before becoming a railroad brakeman with the Southern Pacific Railroad Company for twenty-six years.

In addition to Mr. Wilson's professional career, he was active in the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars. Mr. Wilson had served for six years with the U. S. Navy in World War II in European, African and Asiatic waters.

Robert Wilson made lasting contributions to this state and he will be remembered by the people of this state.

Therefore

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Arizona:*

That the members of the House of Representatives sincerely regret the passing of the Honorable Robert E. Wilson and do, therefore, extend their most sincere sympathies and condolences to his surviving relatives, including his son and daughter, his mother and three grandchildren.

Unanimously Adopted by the House, April 5, 1979.

Received by the Secretary of State, April 5, 1979.

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### HORACE E. OWENS

#### HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 2010

##### **A Resolution on the death of the Honorable Horace E. Owens.**

The Honorable Horace E. Owens, a former member of the House of Representatives, passed away March 31, 1979 in his home in the City of Phoenix.

## MEMORIALS AND RESOLUTIONS

Mr. Owens was born in Damascus, Arkansas. He attended Western University and Lincoln University in Missouri. Mr. Owens was a World War II Army veteran and a former Kansas City policeman.

Mr. Owens moved to Arizona in 1962. He was active with counseling and minority job recruiting in youth, community and church groups. In addition, he was involved in publishing the Phoenix Black Dispatch. At the time of his death, Mr. Owens was employed with the United States Department of the Interior.

Mr. Owens was elected to the Arizona House of Representatives to serve in the Thirtieth Legislative Session beginning in 1971. He served with distinction on the Governmental Relations and Municipalities Committees.

He will be missed by his family, his friends and the people of the State of Arizona.

Therefore

*Be it resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of Arizona:*

That the members of the House of Representatives sincerely regret the passing of the Honorable Horace E. Owens and do, therefore, extend their most sincere sympathies and condolences to his surviving relatives.

Unanimously Adopted by the House, April 17, 1979.

Received by the Secretary of State, April 17, 1979.

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## POST WORLD WAR II SECURITY AND MUTUAL DEFENSE TREATIES—TERMINATION; SUSPENSION

### SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 1001

**A Concurrent Resolution expressing legislative policy regarding the termination or suspension of post World War II security and mutual defense treaties.**

Whereas, under the Constitution of the United States, treaties are solemn undertakings of the duly established authorities;

Whereas, by article VI of the Constitution and decisions of the Supreme Court, treaties are deemed to be part of the law of the land;

Whereas, article II, section 3, of the Constitution states that the President "shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed;"

Whereas, the Senate, being a partner with the President to the treaty-making authority, possesses a special interest and role in the method used by the United States for the termination of treaties;

Whereas, in accordance with the separation of powers, the President should not unilaterally terminate a treaty absent a material breach by another party;

Whereas, the termination of a defense treaty is a decision of the highest national importance which, under the checks and balances system, should receive the added deliberation provided by the participation of the Senate or Congress;

Whereas, as a matter of actual practice under the Constitution, treaties or obligations thereunder generally have been terminated by the United States